

SAFELAND Final Dissemination Event Concept of Operations

Barcelona 19 October, 2022 Joonas Lieb, DLR



EUROPEAN PARTNERSHIP

Concept Development



Three implementation options







GSP Focused: most of the single pilot tasks are assigned to the Ground Station Pilot

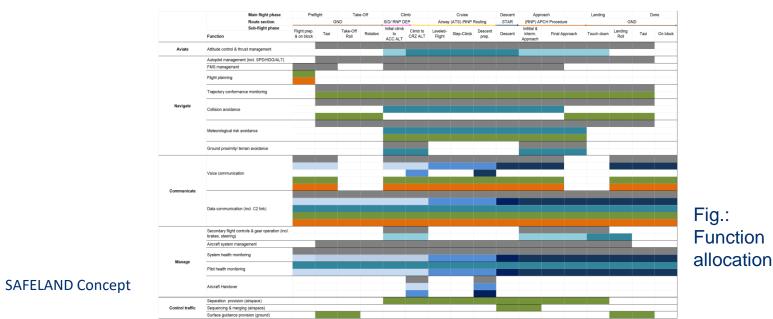


Automation Focused: most of the single pilot tasks are assigned to the cockpit automation

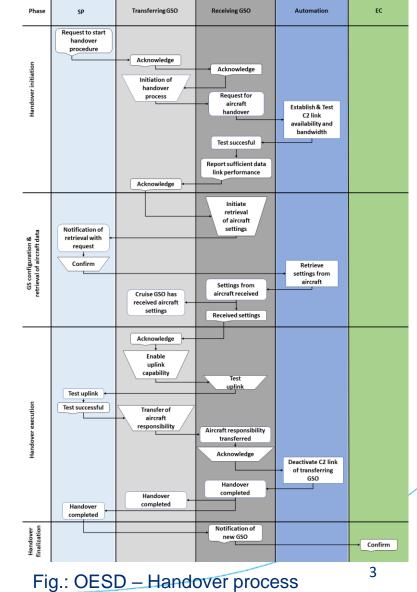
Concept Refinement

Validation Steps towards Final SAFELAND concept

- Development of OESD and Function Allocation Chart (SOCA-CAT) per options
- Advisory Board workshop gathering feedback
- Low Fidelity Simulation for evaluation Ground Station Operator and Procedures
- Refinement of Concept based on feedbacks collected









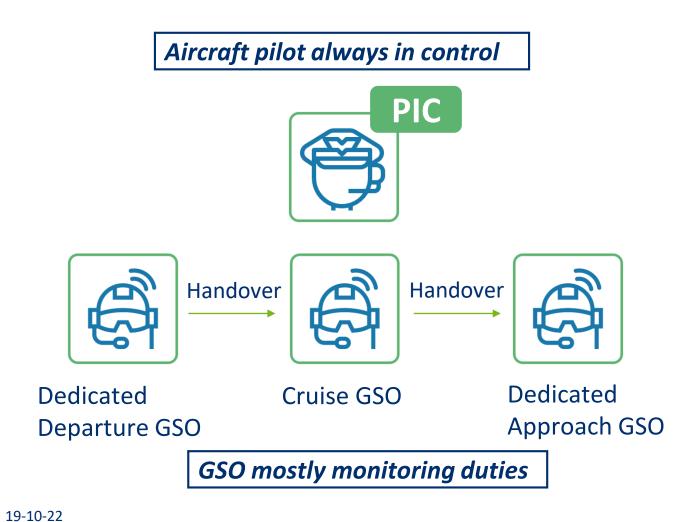
The presence of three different kinds of ground stations (GS) is assumed for SPO:

- Departure GS the GSO supports one single pilot
- Cruise GS the GSO supports multiple single-piloted aircraft simultaneously
- Approach GS the GSO supports one single pilot

Preflight		Take-Off		Climb		Cruise			Descent	Approa	ch		Landing		D	one
GND			SID/ RNP DEP		Airway (ATS) /RNP Routing			STAR	(RNP) APCH Procedure		GND					
Flight prep. & on block		Take-Off Roll	Rotation	Initial climb to ACC ALT	Climb to CRZ ALT	Leveled- Flight	Step-Climb	Descent prep.	Descent	Inititial & Interm. Approach	Final Ap	proach	Touch down	Landing Roll	Taxi	On block

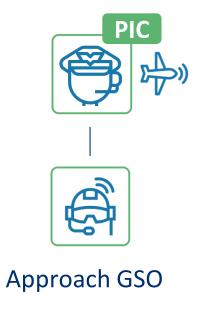


Simplified operational concept for SPO





Pilot Incapacitation in TMA

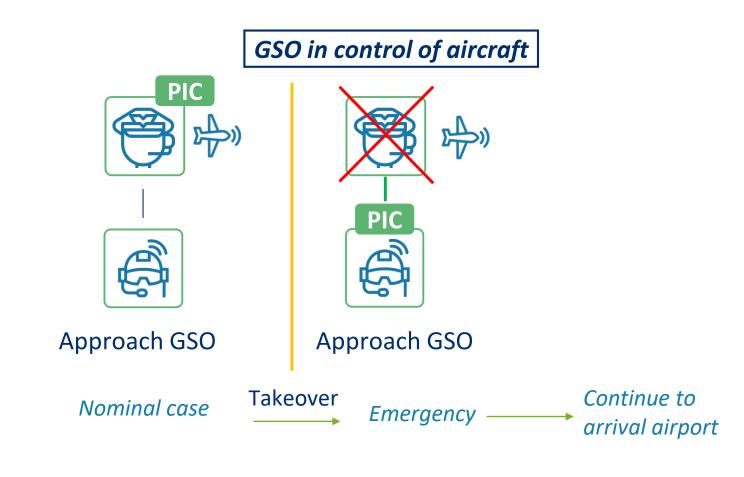


Nominal case

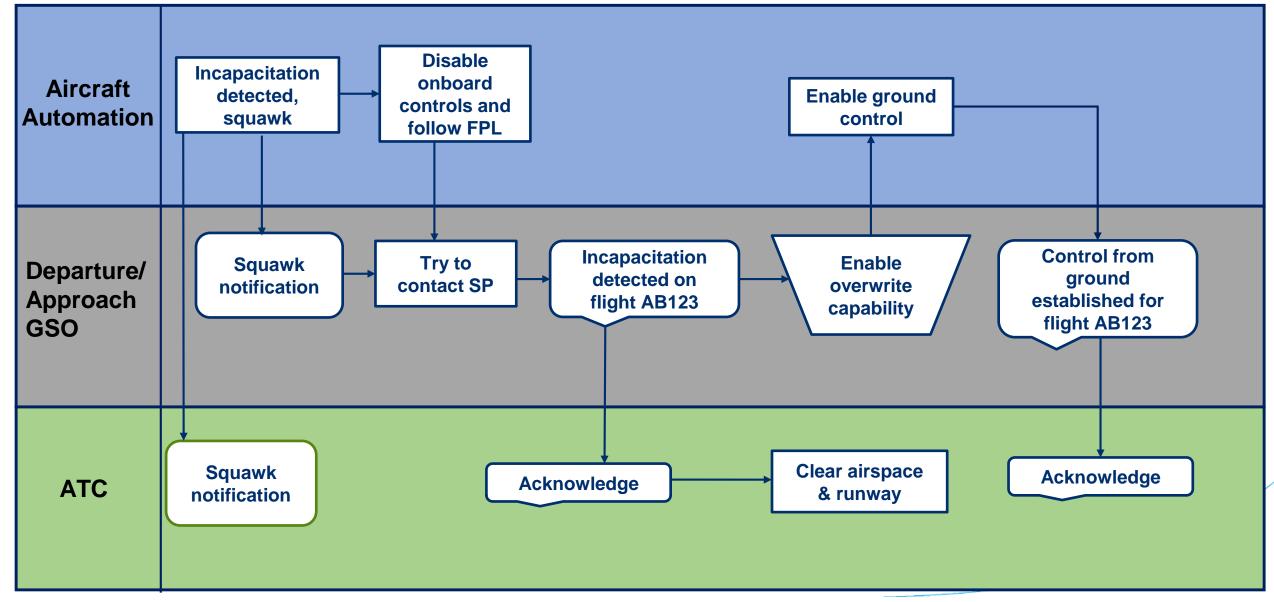
SAFELAND Concept 19-10-22



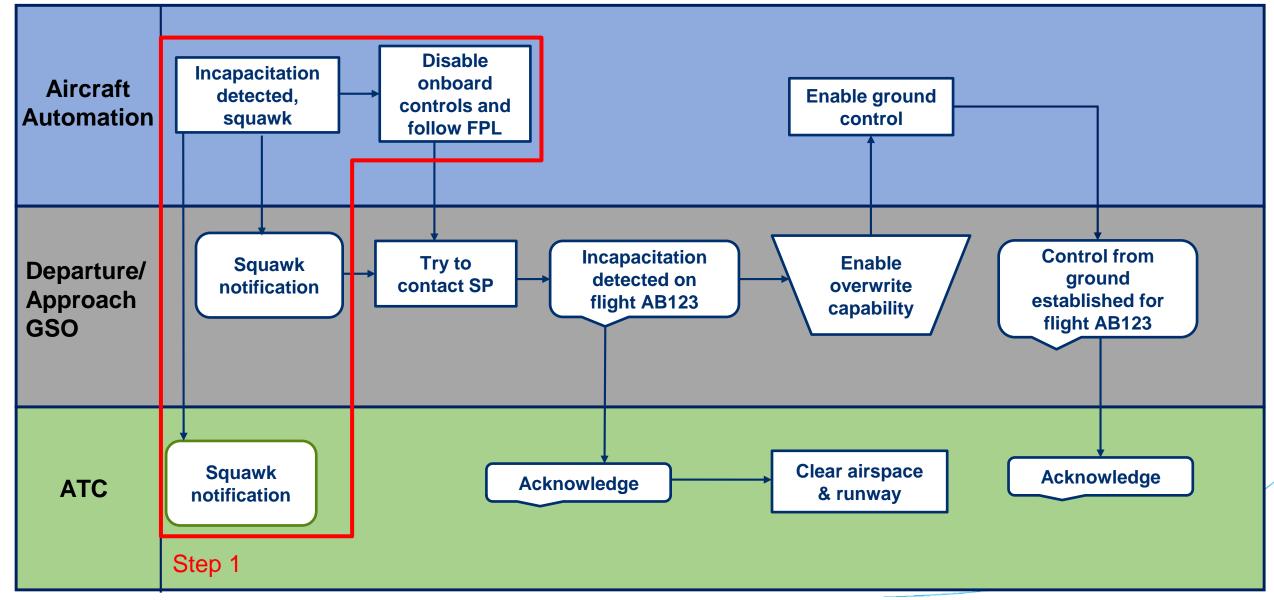
Pilot Incapacitation in TMA



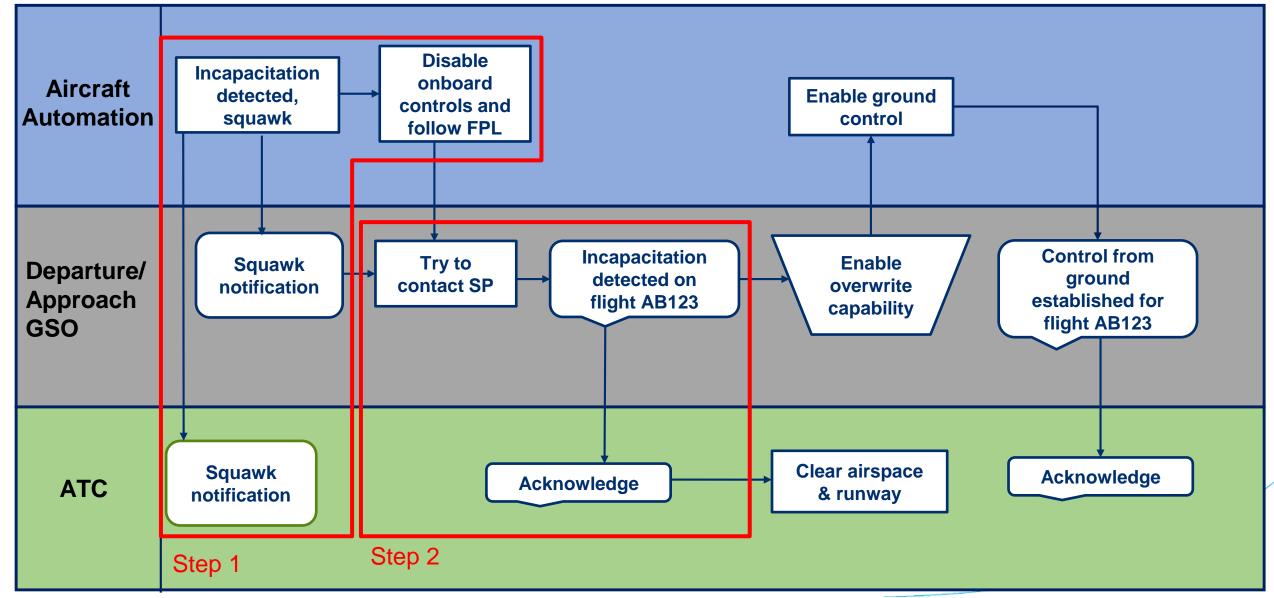




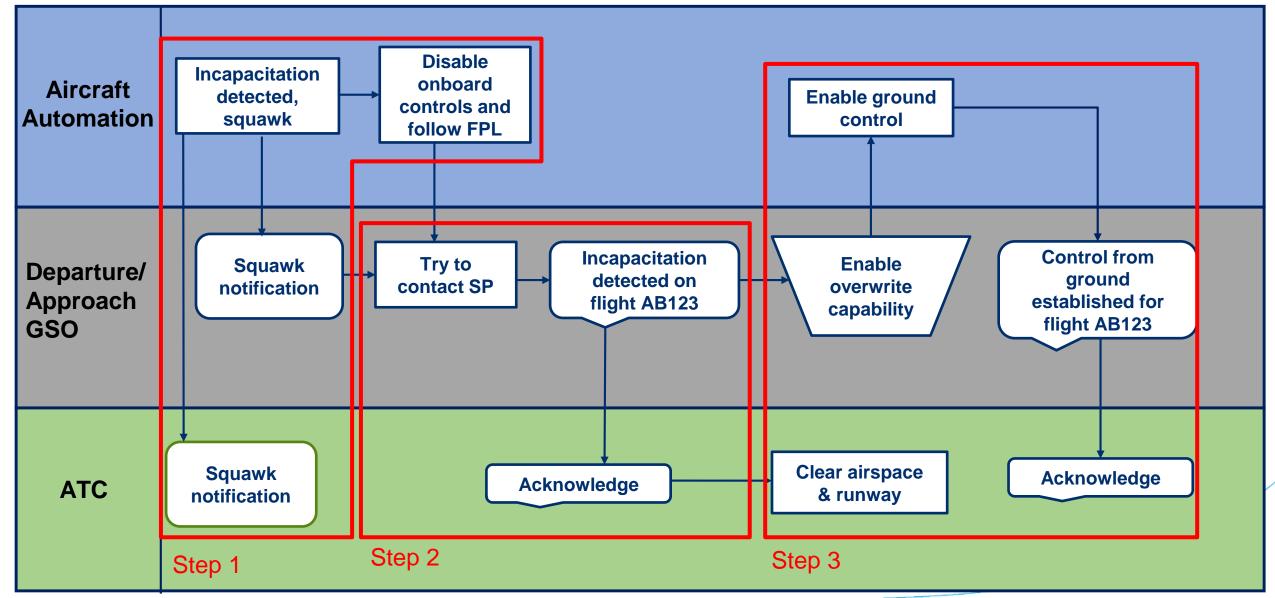






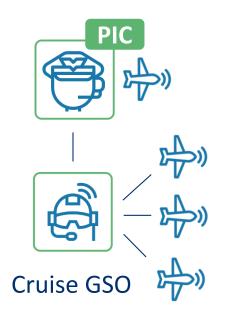








Pilot incapacitation en-route

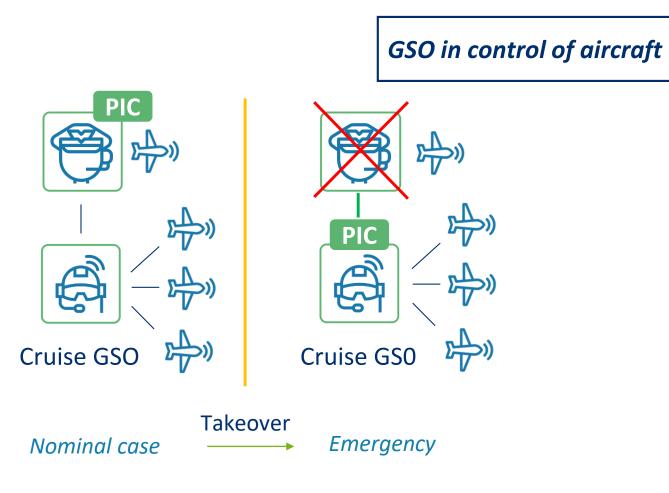


Nominal case

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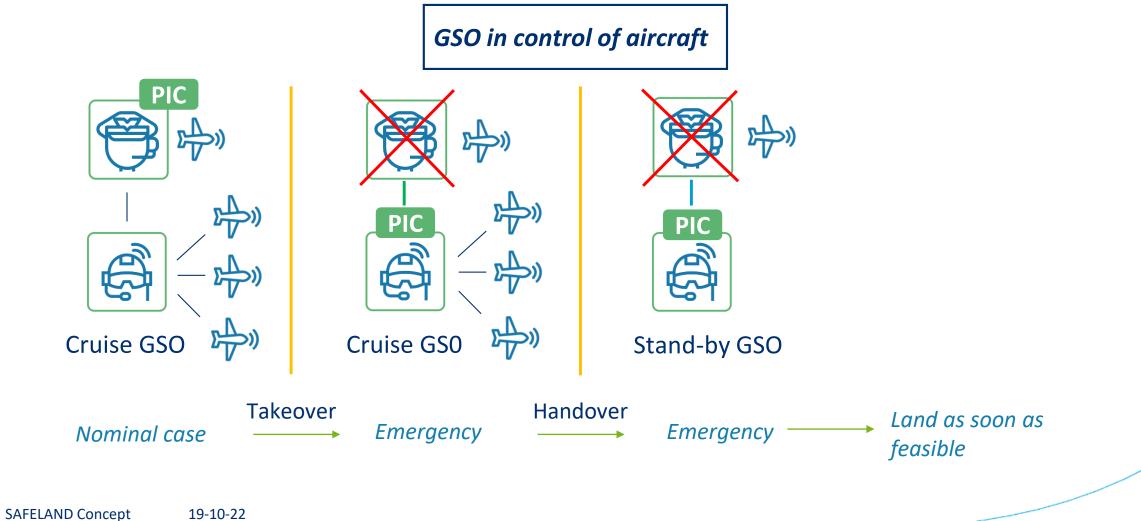


Pilot incapacitation en-route





Pilot incapacitation en-route



GSO Tasks during en-route (Cruise GSO)



Tasks before incapacitation

- Monitor several aircraft simultaneously with regard to flight (e.g., trajectory conformance)
- Monitor aircraft systems
 - Monitor pilots' health monitoring system
 - Check (and inform pilots) of potential hazardous
 weather along the planned flight route
 - Support Single Pilots upon request

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Tasks after incapacitation

- Contact a/c and confirm pilot incapacitation
- Take over control of the a/c, check a/c state
- Declare MAYDAY
- Communicate control from ground
- Communicate start of handover process from Cruise GSO to Stand-by GSO to ATC
- Perform handover briefing with Stand-by GSO (incl. a/c position, Flight Level, Heading)
- Acknowledge handover to Stand-by GSO





Tasks before incapacitation

- Issue clearances and instructions (if needed)
 Provide separation between controlled aircraft
- Communication/Coordination with SP

ATC Tasks



Tasks before incapacitation

- Issue clearances and instructions (if needed)Provide separation between controlled aircraft
- Communication/Coordination with SP

Tasks after incapacitation

- Same as before incapacitation
- Communicate with pilots and GSO (emergency a/c)
- Coordinate with surrounded sectors/ATS units/ground services
- Support GSO as needed





Key Results

- SAFELAND concept proposes three different GSO roles (i.e. departure, cruise, approach)
- Concept relies on more sophisticated onboard automation to support the SP throughout the flight
- Handover procedures are closely aligned with current requirement for handovers of remotely piloted aircraft
- No significant changes on the tasks and responsibilities of ATC
- Remote pilot able to control multiple highly automated aircraft
- GSO is **not expected** to manually fly the aircraft



THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION

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GSO Tasks during Approach/Departure



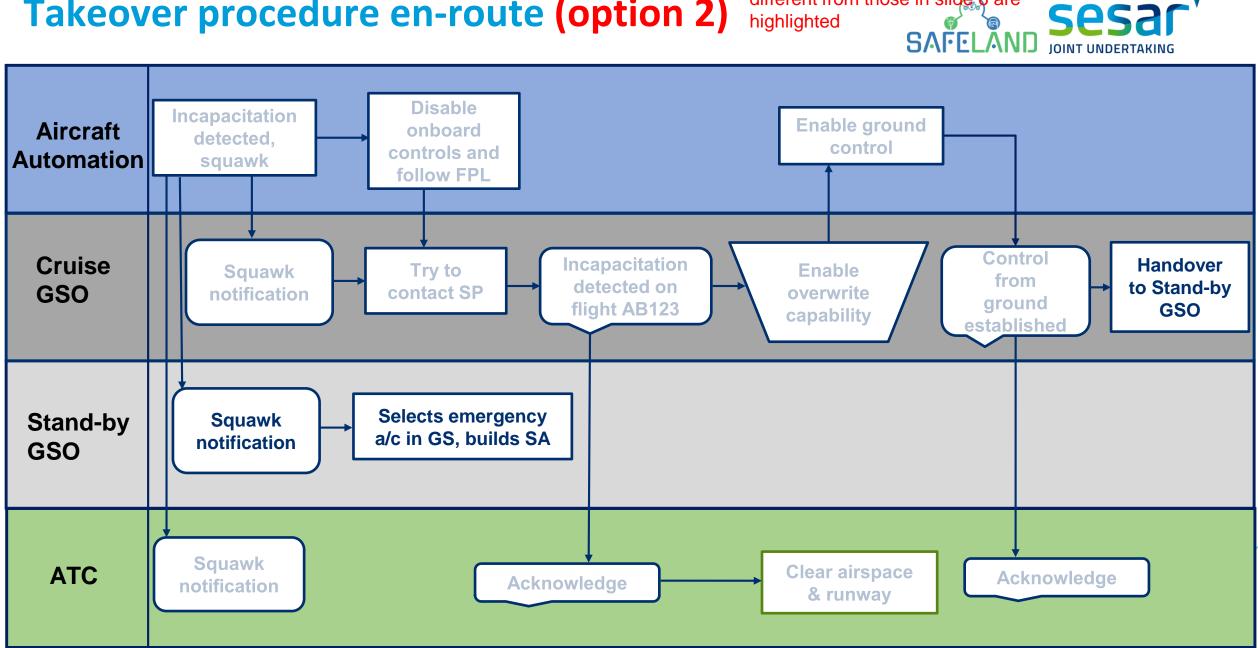
Tasks before incapacitation

- Departure/Approach Briefings with SP
- Monitor aircraft systems and flight (e.g., trajectory conformance)
- Monitor pilot's health (with support from pilot health monitoring system)
- Check (and inform the pilot) of potential hazardous weather in the airport vicinity
- Support the PIC upon request
- Cross-check and monitor SP actions
- Listen to communications between SP and ATC

GSO Tasks during Approach/Departure



Tasks before incapacitation	Tasks after incapacitation
 Departure/Approach Briefings with SP Monitor aircraft systems and flight (e.g., trajectory conformance) Monitor pilot's health (with support from pilot health 	 Contact a/c and confirm pilot incapacitation Take over control of the aircraft, check a/c state
 Listen to communications between SP and ATC 	



Takeover procedure en-route (option 2)

In this slide the steps that are different from those in slide 6 are highlighted A

GSO Tasks during en-route (Stand-by GSO)



Tasks before incapacitation

Ground Station Centers would have GSO available to support GSO in any type of emergency and/or GSO waiting to start their shift.

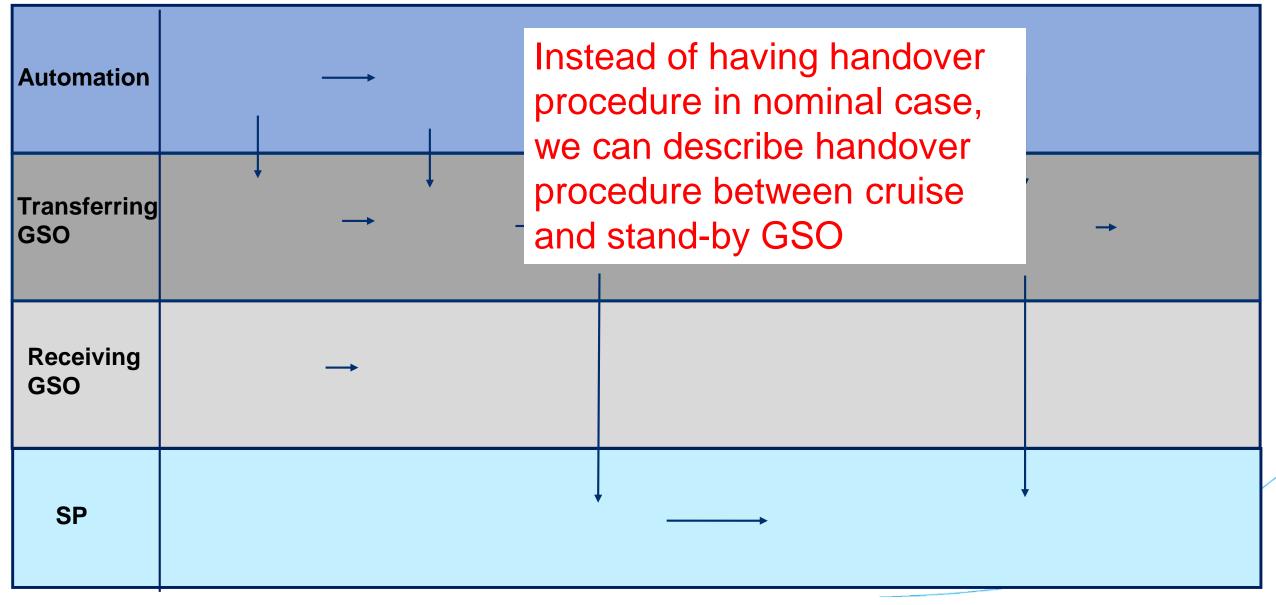
New!

Tasks after incapacitation

- Check a/c status, flight plan/next waypoint (build Situation Awareness)
- type of emergency and/or GSO waiting Perform handover briefing with Cruise GSO
 - Request and accept a/c control from Cruise GSO
 - Decide for suitable alternate airport with AOCC support
 - Report intentions to ATC
 - Manage flight via high-level commands (HEAD, ALT, SPEED), send new FPL
 - Coordinate with ATC

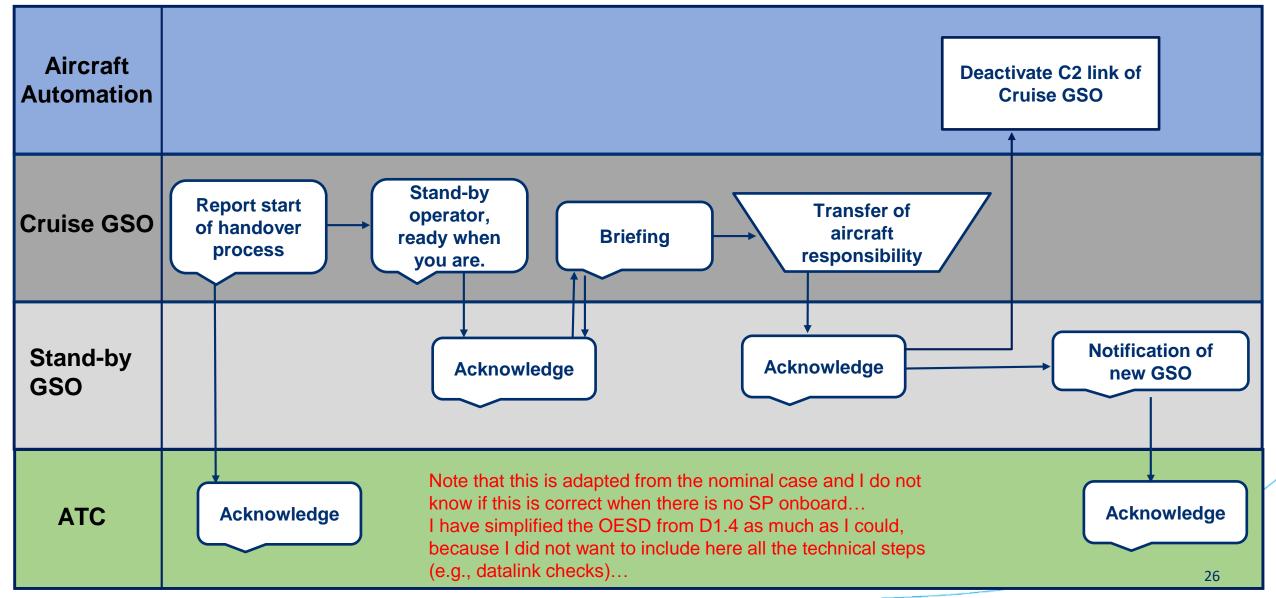
Handover procedure between GSOs (nominal case)





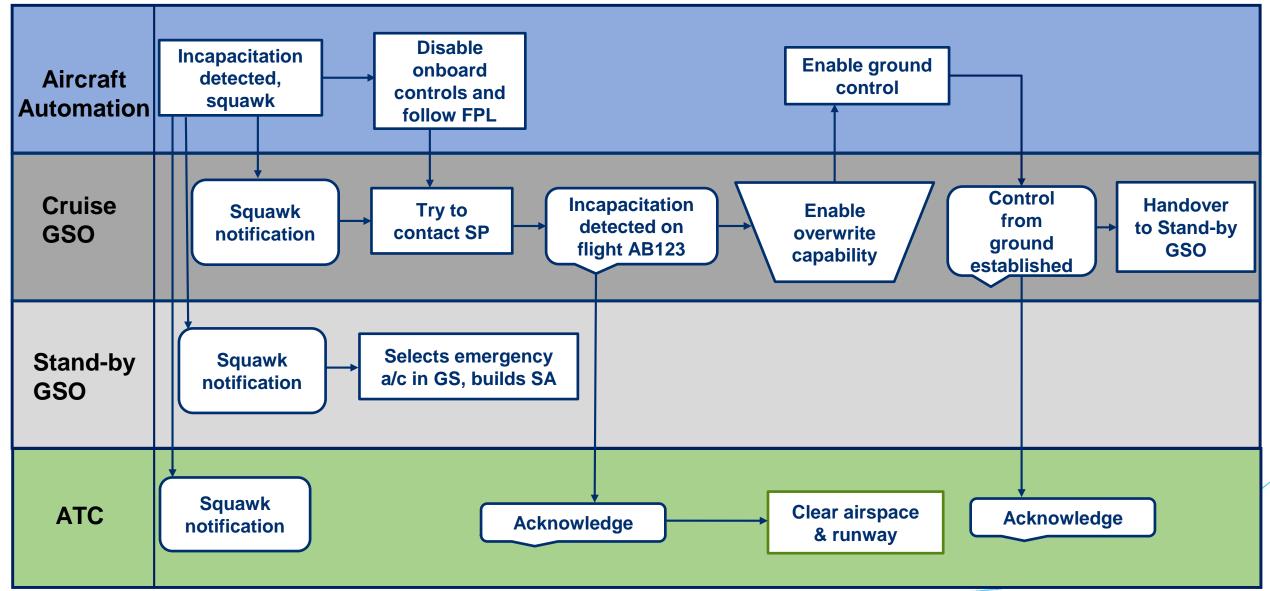
Handover procedure between Cruise and Stand-by GSOs





Takeover procedure en-route







Note that these correspond to tasks during the RTS, but they could be discussed here

Responsibilities: Pilot in Command (PIC), responsible for flight safety and thus main decision-maker.

Tasks before incapacitation

Onboard Single Pilot

- Manage flight until incapacitation
- Communication and coordination with ATC and GSO, as needed

Tasks after incapacitation

N/A



ATCO

Responsibilities: Ensures air traffic operation and management. Responsibilities are not expected to change compared to current operations.

Tasks before incapacitation

- Issue clearances and instructions (if needed)
- Provide separation between controlled aircraft
- Communication/Coordination with SP

Tasks after incapacitation

- Same as before incapacitation
- Communication/Coordination with GSO
- Support GSO as needed
- Coordinate with ground services



Approach GSO – Run 1

Responsibilities: Support the PIC, contributing to a safe and efficient flight. Act as PIC after SP becomes incapacitated.

Tasks before incapacitation

- Monitor aircraft systems and flight
- Monitor pilot's health
- Support the PIC upon request
- Cross-check and monitor SP actions
- Listen to communication between SP and ATC

Tasks after incapacitation detection

- Confirm pilot incapacitation
- Take over control of the aircraft
- Declare MAYDAY and communicate control from ground
- Communications with ATC
- Manage flight via high-level commands (HEAD, ALT, SPEED) until landing



Cruise GSO (not a participant) – Run 2

Responsibilities: Support several single pilots, contributing to a safe and efficient flight. Act as PIC after SP becomes incapacitated until a/c is transferred to stand-by GSO.

Tasks before incapacitation

- Monitor several aircraft systems and flights
- Monitor pilots' health
- Support the PICs upon request
- Cross-check and monitor SP actions
- Listen to communication between SP and ATC

Tasks after incapacitation detection

- Confirm pilot incapacitation
- Takeover control of the aircraft
- Declare MAYDAY and communicate control from ground
- Manage flight via high-level commands (HEAD, ALT, SPEED) or FPL changes (if needed)
- Hand over control to stand-by GSO
- <u>Communications with ATC and stand-by GSO</u>



Stand-by GSO – Run 2

Responsibilities: Become PIC after pilot incapacitation, responsible for flight safety and thus decision maker.

Tasks before incapacitation

(RTS: Monitor several A/C)

Tasks after incapacitation

- Receive control of aircraft from Cruise GSO
- Build Situation Awareness
- Decide for suitable alternate airport with NOC support
- Manage flight via high-level commands (HEAD, ALT, SPEED) or FPL changes
- Communications with ATC